

A champion brave, alert and strong....To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

[No. 56.]

The Daily Union-Vedette.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 11, 1865

The Overland Mail Service.

We perceive by correspondence from Washington, in one of our exchanges, that, when the proposition to create a Department of the Plains was under consideration, Senator Conness, of California, "volunteered the opinion" that the contractors for carrying the mails across the continent were not without complicity in the interruptions of the service by Indians, so frequent of late.

Now, we have heard this accusation often made before, and believe there are many in California, who are impressed with its truth. But those who have means of knowing the difficulties to be overcome in this service and know the facts with regard to the Indian disturbances, which now interrupt the line eastward and have heretofore made the western exceedingly precarious, also know how utterly without foundation is such an opinion. We doubt not Mr. Conness was fully persuaded of the truth of those allegations, but we venture that, those from whom he drew his information, took counsel of their suspicions and had no knowledge of the facts. If those, who find it so easy to cavil at impossibilities, would only undertake a journey across these plains at the present, or indeed almost any other time, they would have an opportunity of judging more correctly of the insuperable difficulties to be encountered, and possibly, might come to a more just conclusion than forming imaginary alliances between contractors and Indians, to defeat the efficiency of the service. Were such a combination possible, it is difficult to perceive what benefit could be hoped commensurate with the evils certain to result not alone to the community, but in the permanent injury of the line.

Less than two years since the western line was suffering under a similar infliction to that which has overtaken the eastern, and we all know with what difficulty the line was continued in operation at that time. Indeed, it was only by the efficient co-operation of the military and the indefatigable exertions of all concerned, that the company were enabled to keep the line unbroken. Had the Indian forays then been accompanied by a snow blockade, as is and has been the case eastward, the task would have been simply impossible.

Instead of being subject to continual censure, both the eastern and western companies deserve the gratitude of the public whom they serve under difficulties which would appal any but the most enterprising. In this opinion we doubt not we are sustained by every man of every community along the line who has any just comprehension of the matter, or whose opinion is worth having.

The only wonder, at present, is how the stages eastward are enabled to run at all, or, how men can be induced to encounter the inclemency of such severe weather among the drifted and almost impassable snows that now cover the mountain solitudes crossed by the Overland stage line. At this moment the eastward bound stage, which left Salt Lake City three days since, is plowing its weary way through the drifts between here and Bear River, less than one hundred miles distant. The Overland Companies are doing excellent service, all assertions to the contrary notwithstanding, and, as we believe, are using every reasonable exertion to make that service efficient.

The loyal citizens of Philadelphia have presented to Lieut. Gen. Grant a handsome house, elegantly furnished, in that city, as a substantial testimony of their high appreciation of his services in the cause of his country.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY VEDETTE.]

Philadelphia, March 8th.

The Raleigh Progress says: The Federals are concentrating a force of 40,000 men at Newbern, which will soon be ready to strike Gen. Lee's army in conjunction with Sherman's forces.

[Additional foreign news.] The London Times has an editorial on the official acts of the recent conference, and points significantly to Seward's admission that the proposition for a combined effort at some *extensive* policy or scheme was deliberately considered, and concedes that the North came best out of the affair, and says the arbitrament of war is accepted as fresh, with more desperate determination. We deplore its result but it must be more evident than ever that neutrality, if we are but allowed to maintain it, is the only policy for England.

New York, 9th.

The World's Washington correspondent of the 28th, says, our advance under Terry, is now 12 miles from here on the north-west branch of Cape Fear river with Hoke's troops confronting it on the other side. Sherman is reported to-day as being within 60 miles of this place. If that is the case, a junction will be easily made between Schofield's troops and his, and a forward movement to Richmond will be ordered at once.

Richmond papers still express the belief that Grant will attack Lee's lines around Richmond as soon as the ground will permit. The rebels believe that Grant has sent nearly all his cavalry from the armies of the Potomac and James river to Sheridan in the Shenandoah valley.

A meeting to obtain subscriptions of provisions for Lee's army, was recently held in Danville, Va., and, in noticing it, the Richmond Whig says: Gen. Lee's men must be fed or we will lose all.

The Danville Register is assured that it does not enter into Lee's plans to abandon the rebel capital unless, as is very prudently and somewhat contradictory added, it becomes impossible to hold the city longer.

The Herald's Winchester correspondent says: deserters who have arrived at Winchester state that they passed Sheridan on the way down; he reached Woodstock, thirty miles from his starting point, the first day, and though the rain was falling, roads very muddy, and streams much swollen, his troops were pushing forward rapidly. It was expected that on the third day they would reach Staunton, 18 miles up the valley, a short distance north of which town Early, with a small rebel force, then was.

The Tribune's Washington special says: Gen. Emory telegraphs from Winchester that some of our men coming in, represent Sheridan's victory over Early as more complete than any report we have had, and, when last heard from, he was pushing for the canal running from Lynchburg to Richmond, which he has doubtless reached and destroyed before this.

On Sunday, Richmond was excited with a rumor that Johnston had defeated Sherman and was investing the position taken up by the latter. The next day, however, Richmond papers admitted the falsity of the report, but claimed that Hampton had defeated Kilpatrick at Chester. This report, however, was brought by a railroad passenger who was the only one that knew anything of it.

The state of feeling in North Carolina is plainly evident from the tone of the press and recent events. Nearly a whole company of the 6th N. C. Cavalry deserted a few days since and came into Newbern, bringing their horses and equipments. Negroes are coming in in large numbers. The rebels are con-

scripting all the boys they can lay hands on, and both troops and people in that State are represented as heartily sick of the war.

The Union prisoners confined at Florence were sent to Salisbury on the approach of Sherman. On their way many escaped and reached our lines at Newbern, under the guidance of negroes and loyal whites.

Arrangements have been made to exchange ten thousand prisoners at Wilmington, and they are now being forwarded.

The Tribune's Washington special says: about one hundred deserters took the oath of allegiance to-day and started North. They say far more are going South than North, and that dissatisfaction is general throughout the whole army; that Lee rode out through their camp and promised them more food and clothes and urged them to stand by him; but they concluded it would not pay. In the last thirty days there have been two thousand deserters received here, forty of whom were officers.

Washington, March 9th.

The Senate to-day elected the Rev. Dr. Gray, Baptist clergyman of Washington, as Chaplain for the 39th Congress.

Richmond papers of the 7th are entirely destitute of news from any quarter.

The Goldsboro Journal of the 4th, says: From Kinston we have the assurance that all is quiet, and not only has no advance been made by the enemy, but it is now thought to be doubtful by outsiders, if there is any large force at Newbern.

New Orleans, March 1st.

Gen. Canby and staff leave here to-day for the vicinity of Mobile. Acting Rear Admiral Thatcher arrived yesterday, and to-day assumed command of the West Gulf squadron, vice Com. Palmer.

The steamer Arizona, fitted up as a flag ship, was destroyed by fire, thirty miles below here, on Monday night. Five of her crew perished and several officers lost all their effects. The Arizona was one of the finest vessels in the fleet, and her loss will be severely felt.

New York, March 9th.

By the steamer Fulton, from Hilton Head the 6th: Everything is progressing favorably at Charleston; traders are beginning to open stores.

General Hatch is in command of the northern district of the Department of the South. Gen. Schimmelpfening is in command at Charleston.

The railroad is completed to Goose creek. General Potter advanced to the Santee river without opposition.

News has been received of the total destruction of Columbia, and at last accounts Sherman has arrived at Charlotte. Beauregard was hovering in his front. The 21st regiment, recruited in Charleston, has been mustered into service. The lights are soon to be lighted on Sumter and Moultrie, and the channel is being made good for navigation. Several incendiary fires have taken place in Charleston.

Washington, March 9th.

Information from the army of the Potomac says, all is quiet. The freshet is subsiding, and the exchange of prisoners is resumed.

A report is in circulation that Lynchburg is in our possession, but it cannot be traced to any trustworthy authority.

New York, March 9th.

Mr. Watts Sherman, of the firm of Duncan, Sherman & Co., died at Madeira on the 20th of February.

By the steamer Eagle, we have Havana dates to the 4th and dates from Mexico to the 19th Feb., and Vera Cruz dates also had been received. The rumored capture of Oaxaca by the Imperialists, was not confirmed.

The French claim a victory over Antonio Rojas, killing Rojas and sixty soldiers, besides capturing various muni-

tions of war. Romery is reported captured with 160 of his men and 200 killed.

In New Leon the Imperialists claim a victory over Mendre at Barital.

A report from Mazatlan says 3,000 French soldiers had been sent in haste to pacify Sinaloa Juaristas, who are reported as making a great havoc in Sonora and Sinaloa. Juarez is said to be still at Chihuahua.

Some fifty emigrants, pretending to come from Missouri, U. S., had arrived at Orizaba, and report from 20 to 2500 more coming from the U. S. to buy lands and settle.

The Imperial expedition to Yucatan has been abandoned.

Pierre Soule and his family have arrived in Mexico.

A number of blockade runners have returned to Havana, having failed to run into Galveston.

St. Louis, March 9th.

The steamer Imperial struck a bridge across the Cumberland River, at Nashville, yesterday, and was sunk. Loss fifty thousand dollars; insurance \$25,000. The extensive pork house of Thos. Henry & Co., at St. Joseph, was burned on Monday. Loss \$200,000; insurance \$100,000.

New York, March 9th.

The Emperor Maximilian, according to advices received to-day from Mexico, has received at a special audience Mr. Peter Campbell Scarlett, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of her Majesty Queen of England. Mr. Scarlett presented to the Emperor of Mexico several autograph letters from Queen Victoria. The first of these letters is a formal one accrediting the minister. The second is a repetition of the first, but is addressed to the Empress Charlotte—My best, beloved sister. The third is an acknowledgment of a letter sent by the Emperor to the Queen in June last, informing her officially of his accession to the throne of Mexico. The Queen expresses her interest in the welfare of Mexico, and her belief that the establishment of the empire is the beginning of a new and happy era for the country. She congratulates the Emperor on his elevation, closing with the usual expressions of diplomatic courtesy.

The typhoid fever is raging in Zactras. The new railroad has so far progressed that a trip from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico can now be made in four days.

Mexican papers publish long lists of diplomatic and consular appointments made by the Emperor to foreign governments, but no appointments are made to the United States.

Philadelphia, March 9th.

The U. S. steamship Bermuda, from East and West Gulf blockading squadrons, has arrived at the navy yard. She reports that on the 24th of Feb., on an expedition under command of Brigham Newton, consisting of all the troops, both white and colored, stationed at Key West, in the gunboats Honduras, Magnolia and Hendrick Hudson, started for the purpose of capturing St. Marks. The result of the expedition had not been heard of at the time the Bermuda sailed.

Washington, March 9th.

The Senate, to-day, confirmed the nomination of Senator James Harlan, to be Secretary of the Interior.

This morning Hon. Hugh McCullough formally entered upon his new duties as Secretary of the Treasury. The heads of the several bureaus of the department waited upon him in a body, and an address of welcome was made to him in their behalf by Judge Lewis, Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Mr. McCullough responded in a appropriate speech.

Senator Salesbury of Delaware has been omitted from the Senate Standing Committee, which were arranged in Ro-

publican caucus. He was previously on the Committee of Commerce, Patents and Pensions.

Senator McDougall, formerly on the Committee on Foreign Relations, was also omitted from all committees.

New York, March 9th.

The World's Washington letter says: Senator Gwin recently stated that his departure for Paris was caused by information he had received from trustworthy sources, that the Province of Sonora had been ceded to France by a secret treaty, which would not be made public until after the entire pacification of Mexico by the French, and he went to Paris to arrange plans for colonization and to form an alliance of California and Sonora for the Empire.

Virginia Senators in the rebel Congress, have been instructed to vote in favor of a bill to place negroes in the rebel army. The bill was defeated when before the Senate by only one vote; both Virginia members voted against it.

The Danville Register says the crisis of the war is rapidly approaching, and in a short time a heavy and decisive battle will be fought.

New York, March 10th.

The Herald's Winchester correspondent confirms the reported victory over Early by Sheridan, and says Sheridan has occupied Staunton. On his march up the valley to that point he had met with no material opposition. The report that Early himself was captured by Sheridan is not confirmed. Rebel prisoners report a heavy Union force as advancing from East Town on Lynchburg, the capture of which place we have unconfirmed rumors.

The Herald's correspondent from the James says: there are indications of Lee's intention to abandon Richmond, and it is well understood that the removal of government stores has been going on for some time. Large numbers of troops have recently been sent, it is presumed, to Lynchburg.

The Augusta Constitutionalist says: The 15th and 17th corps with Sherman's command, has a baggage train three miles long. The 15th corps became drunk and pillaged Columbia, burning the entire length of Main street. Sherman ordered pillagers and burners to be shot. Two or three hundred citizens left with the Yankees. Most of the people remaining, are obliged to live in huts and their condition is dreadful. Sherman left 200 head of beef cattle for the sick and wounded, and gave arms to the citizens to protect themselves from the negroes. Every article of subsistence was carried off; cellars, out-houses, etc., are being searched. The city was shelled furiously before taking possession.

The same paper says there are 3,000 locomotives and cars penned up at Charlotte, and says Sherman will of course destroy this stock; they were heavily laden with stores. The Southern Express Co. saved all its valuables; but the mails were lost everywhere.

The Richmond Whig says: Sherman's advance on Columbia was unexpected, sudden and surprising, and it found all unprepared, and he was cool enough to do anything. When his guns were heard in the city, the public, of course, for the first time, began to think of removing the government stores, and our little army gave way step by step until flanked out of their position, on the opposite side of the Congaree, when they fell back to the city, and then began upon the fork, getting off the stores, but the time was too short and much was left. The worst feature of the whole scene was the plundering done by Wheeler's cavalry. It was done most systematically, as if they were trained to stealing.

An artist is collecting the "counterfeit presentments" of the members of the Nevada Legislature, which the Carson Post sarcastically calls photographic all-bums.

Local Matters.

STABBING AFFRAY.—Some of the soldiers of Camp Douglas, while in town on Tuesday night last, engaged in a stabbing affray, and were doing some brutal work with brass knuckles. This is but another painful evidence to record of the doings of a few—very few, volunteers at this post, who will, despite the example set by their comrades in becoming Good Templars, still persist in swallowing the drugs and poisonous compounds which are sold in imitation of liquors.

Thank God that the instances of such acts of brutality and crime as that committed on Tuesday, are of not frequent occurrence among the Volunteers at Camp Douglas, and it is to be regretted that three or four such men should commit acts that naturally tend to the bad repute of a whole command.

We trust that the public will judge impartially, and not attribute the acts of a few to the countenance of their comrades; for such conduct is as disgusting and intolerable to the majority of the soldiers at this post, as it possibly can be to the community at large.

MORE SNOW. It commenced snowing in this vicinity on Thursday evening, continuing all Thursday night and until 10 o'clock on Friday morning.

As we go to press, the eaves are dripping and snow melting, but there is every indication of another fall of snow. The clouds are heavy and black. March has been dreary thus far, having had, during the past 10 days, some of the coldest weather of this winter.

THE roads, we hear, throughout the settlements, are for miles almost entirely impassable, especially for freighted teams. From present indications, freighting to the Northern Mines cannot be resumed before the middle or last of May, and even then with difficulty.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—As we are thoroughly loyal, we intend to celebrate the day by joining for the Union "forever and unseparable."

SOUTH CAROLINA seems to have few friends either North or South, and there is as cordial a hatred existing among the Southern people towards that obnoxious locality as even among loyal men. During General Sherman's march through Georgia he was continually asked why he did not go to South Carolina and devastate the entire state. Let such be the fate of all who have been leaders in the rebellion, damned to an eternity of infamy.

A MEMORIAL has been sent into Congress, signed by many of the most eminent men in the country, recommending the passage of a law giving preference, in the civil service of the Government, to soldiers who have been disabled during the war. This is an excellent move.

THE New York papers have commenced the publication of income lists returned to assessors, and the Tribune says it is having an excellent effect in refreshing the memories of parties who had made mistakes in the amount of their incomes.

GOVERNMENT is having a survey made of different localities along the lakes, with the view of selecting a suitable place for the establishment of a Navy Yard.

NOTICE.

I WILL give \$35 per Ton for HAULING Coal from East Weber to Camp Douglas.
mar10-tf G. W. CARLETON.

ODD FELLOWS ASSOCIATION.

REGULAR MEETINGS on every WEDNESDAY evening, in Daft's Hall, G. S. L. City. Brethren of the Order, cordially invited to attend.
R. S. CRAIG, Secretary. feb17-tf President.

PRICE OF GOLD.

COIN—1.70.
DUST—Virginia \$30.00; Boise \$25.

Salt Lake City Prices' Current.

[Corrected Daily by GILBERT & SONS.]
SALT LAKE CITY, March 10, 1893.

DRY GOODS.
Prints, per yard..... 55 @ 60
Ginghams " "..... 75 @ 90
Checks " "..... 75 @ 90
Stripes " "..... 1.00 @ 1.25
Ticking " "..... 1.25 @ 1.50
Bro. Drills " "..... 1.00 @
" Sheetings " "..... 1.25 @
Osnaburg " "..... 1.50 @
Bich'd Cotton, per yrd. 75 @ 1.25
Denims " "..... 90 @ 1.25
Flannels " "..... 1.00 @ 1.50
Spool Cotton, per doz. 3.00 @

GROCERIES.
Coffee, per lb..... 25 @
Sugar, " "..... 1.00 @
Candles, " "..... 90 @
Gun Powder, " "..... 2.00 @
Tobacco, " "..... 2.00 @ 4.00
Tea, " "..... 5.00 @ 6.00
Bacon, State, " "..... 80 @
" Valley, " "..... 60 @
Nails, " "..... 45 @ 60
Coal Oil, " gall..... 12.00 @
Lard, " "..... 12.00 @
Turpentine, " "..... 15.00 @
Palm Soap, per lb..... 60 @
Castile, " "..... 1.50 @
Pepper, " "..... 1.50 @
Alfalfa, " "..... 1.50 @
Whisky, per gall..... 15.00 @
Brandy, " "..... 20.00 @
Glass 8x10 per box..... 33.00 @
" 10x12 " "..... 35.00 @
" 10x14 " "..... 37.00 @
" 12x16 " "..... 40.00 @

LEATHERS.
Sole, per lb..... 1.00 @
Harness, " "..... 1.25 @
Bridle, per doz..... 125.00 @
Kip, " "..... 175.00 @
White Lead, per keg..... 15.00 @

PRODUCE.
Flour, per 100 lbs..... 14.00 @
Indian Meal, " "..... 8.00 @
Wheat, per bush..... 5.00 @
Barley, " "..... 4.00 @
Oats, " "..... 3.50 @
Eggs, per doz..... 1.25 @ 1.40
Butter, " "..... 60 @ 60
Cheese, " "..... 40.00 @
Hay, per ton..... 25.00 @
Straw, " "..... 25.00 @
Wood, per cord..... 25.00 @
Coal, per ton..... 40.00 @
Molasses, per gall..... 3.50 @ 4.00
Potatoes, per bush..... 3.00 @
Onions, " "..... 6.00 @
Dried Peaches, per lb..... 75 @
" Apples, " "..... 75 @

PROVISIONS.
Beef, fresh, 15 @ 25
" corned, 15 @ 16
" dried, 00 @ 00
Pork, fresh, 50 @ 00
" pickled, 50 @ 00
Pigs feet, per lb..... 30 @ 00
Hams, Valley, 1.00 @ 00
Mutton, 20 @ 25
Veal, 20 @ 25
Sausage, bologna, 1.00 @ 00
" fresh, 50 @ 00
Pork head cheese 50 @ 00
Liver pudding 50 @ 00

NOTICE.

IS hereby given to all parties concerned that there will be a meeting of Miners held in East Canyon, Rush Valley Mining District, Tooele Co. Utah Territory, at the House of J. W. Goldthait for the purpose of forming a new mining district.
The meeting will be held Saturday 25th of March 1893, 10 A. M.
C. F. R. HAHN.
J. W. GOLDTHAIT.
L. C. BLISS.

UNITED STATES SALOON.

W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.
HAVING just received a new outfit of Saloon Fixtures, together with a choice stock of Liquors and Cigars.
I would most respectfully invite all of my friends and the public to continue that liberal patronage which you have always bestowed, this being the
FIRST SALOON OPENED IN THE CITY
And has never changed hands. I shall endeavor never to be SECOND TO NONE in keeping the finest brands of
WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.
MR. JOHNNY CONLY with his PLEASANT SMILE, is ever ready and willing to wait upon those who wish to favor this House with a call.
jan26-tf W. L. SHOLES.

DENTISTRY.

DR. W. F. GRISWOLD, DENTIST.
OFFICE at the residence of Mrs. KAYS, East Temple Street..... G. S. L. City.
REFER BY PERMISSION TO
GILBERT & SONS, HOLLADAY & HALSEY,
CLARK & CO., SCOTT, KERR & CO.
jan16-tf

BOUNTIES! BOUNTIES!!

AARON NEWFIELD
IS IN TOWN YET.
The Highest Prices Paid for CALIFORNIA STATE BOUNTIES
AT THE SAN FRANCISCO CLOTHING HOUSE.
feb17-tf AARON NEWFIELD.

BOOTS AND SHOES

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

GURNEY & CO.,

(At Hooper & Eldridge's old Stand.)

Have just received a large and elegant stock of

BOOTS and SHOES

Of their own manufacture, embracing every style and quality, which they offer at

REDUCED PRICES.

Country Merchants are respectfully solicited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
feb15-1mp

JESSE BEENE, AUSTIN DRUG STORE.

MAIN STREET, AUSTIN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,
Fine Wines and Brandies,
FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.
All orders promptly filled at lowest market price.
feb15-3m

GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!!

Just arrived from San Francisco and open at

WALKERS NEW STORE

East Temple Street

A beautiful, large and fine selection of

LADIES' AND GENTS' GOLD

—AND—

SILVER WATCHES,

GOLD VEST CHAINS,

CHATELAIN CHAINS,

SILVER CHAINS,

A splendid assortment

—OF—

LADIES GOLD SETS.

AND

Every other description of JEWELRY
Also Watchmakers tools, Watch Glasses,
Hands, etc. etc. etc.
jan14-tf

JOHN MEEKS.

Howard's SUPERIOR

VALLEY TAN WHISKY,
At \$10 per Gallon,
In Quantities to Suit.

BRANDIES

From \$1 25 to \$3 a Pint.

Port, Sherry, Currant, and California Wines
At Very Reasonable Prices.
FOR SALE BY
G. McFARLAND,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALER IN
DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED
LIQUORS.
GROSBECK'S BUILDING.
feb20-tf

BODENBURG & KAHN

Respectfully announce to the residents of the Territory, that they have just received from the

EASTERN MARKET,

an entire new stock of

Merchandise,

Which they offer for Sale at their Old Stand, on

EAST TEMPLE STREET.

DRY GOODS,

Consisting of

SILKS, FRENCH AND ENGLISH

MERINOS,

POPLINS, LAUNES, MOHAIRS,

MOZAMBIQUES, PLAIN AND FANCY DELAINES,

PRINTS, DENIMS, HICKORYS,

CHECKS, SHEETINGS, LINSEYS,

FLANNELS,

and a variety of New Styles

WOOLEN HOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS

—and—

DOUBLE SHAWLS.

GROCERIES

Of the Finest:

Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Spices, Dye Stuffs, etc.
Also, a Splendid Stock of

Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes,

Gents' Ready Made

Clothing & Furnishing Goods

MILITARY CLOTH,

Hardware, Queensware, Stationery

Cigars,

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO,

etc., etc., etc., etc.

dec15-tf BODENBURG & KAHN.

MINING STOCKS.

T. D. BROWN & SON

PURPOSE opening an office in G. S. Lake City in connection with their present business, as

STOCK AND SHARE BROKERS.

One of them will start for NEW YORK about the 10th of April next, to form a connection there, with a RESPONSIBLE FIRM, for the sale of

Feet, Claims, and Mineral Lodes, of UTAH, NEVADA, AND MONTANA
They will also purchase and Freight, Machinery, Miners' Tools, Outfits, Family Groceries, Clothing, etc., etc.

For all who may favor them with orders and money on or before the 10th of MAY next, Apply early at T. D. BROWN & SONS.

REFER BY PERMISSION TO
J. DUANE DOTT, Governor of Utah,
SYDNEY EDGERTON, Governor of Montana,
GEN. P. EDW. CONNOR, Camp Douglas,
The Bankers and Merchants of the City.
mar1-1m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

AT

WALKER BRO'S.

FLOUR,

WHEAT,

OATS,

BARLEY,

CORN MEAL,

BUTTER,

BACON,

ALSO

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND

FEET OF

SQUARE EDGED LUMBER.

jan9-t

G. ROSENBAUM, CHAS. POPPER, L. NEWMAN.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

MEAT MARKET.

ROSENBAUM & CO.,

TAKE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE

TO THE PUBLIC THAT

THEY HAVE

Now Opened

—THE—

LARGEST MEAT STALL IN THE CITY.

WHERE THE

Choicest Meats

will always be on Hand,

BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL, LAMB

PORK SAUSAGE,

HEAD CHEESE,

LIVER SAUSAGE,

CORNER BEEF AND PORK,

PICKLED TONGUE,

SWEET BREADS,

TRIPLE,

BRAINS,

And everything in the Business.

THE Patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited for this establishment.
Every effort will be made to gratify the wishes of customers, and orders sent by the young will have the same prompt attention.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

N. B.—Purchasers will have their Meats sent to any part of the City

Free of Charge.

ROSENBAUM & CO.

January 10th, 1893.

SOMETHING ABOUT OUR CONGRESSMEN.—A Washington letter-writer gives some curious facts about present Congressmen. He says, Mr. Ames, of Massachusetts, is the richest, worth over two millions; a Mr. Baldwin of the same State the largest; Mr. Clay, of Kentucky, the tallest; Mr. Cox, of Ohio, the smallest; Mr. McClurg, of Missouri, the shortest; General Dumont, of Indiana, the most productive, being the father of nineteen children; Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, the oldest, 73 years; General Garfield, of Ohio, the youngest, 32 years; Mr. Windom, of Minnesota, the handsomest; Mr. Kelly, of Pennsylvania, and Voorhees, of Indiana, the best speakers; Mr. Cox, of Ohio, and Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, the best parliamentarians; Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, and Mr. Pendleton, of Ohio, the readiest debaters; Mr. Clay, of Kentucky, the largest farmer, having 6,500 acres of land, 175 slaves, 200 sheep, and 150 blooded cattle; while Mr. Grinnell, of Iowa, has 6,000 sheep; Mr. Wallace, of Idaho, lives the farthest from Washington, and draws \$6,397 for mileage, and Davis, of Maryland, the nearest, his mileage being only \$32. Mr. Frank, of New York, is the best penman, and Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, the poorest. The House has twenty-five members with bald heads, thirty with moustaches, and two with wigs.

LIEUTENANT S. W. PRESTON, U. S. N.—This officer, killed in the attack on Fort Fisher, while acting as Flag Lieutenant of the fleet of Rear Admiral Porter, was a young officer that had more than once distinguished himself by his gallantry. He was born in Canada, but at an early age removed to Illinois, from which State he was appointed (October 4, 1858) to the navy. He served as midshipman and ensign until August 1, 1862, when he was promoted Lieutenant. During the first attack on Charleston by the fleet under Rear Admiral Dahlgren, Lieutenant Preston was Flag Lieutenant of the Wabash, and afterwards commanded the Ironsides. In the attack which was subsequently made on Sumter, he acted on the staff of Rear Admiral Dahlgren, and was captured on the ruins of the fort. He had been the first to land, and was captured. He was sent to Columbia (S. C.) where he remained in prison fourteen months. He had just returned from this imprisonment, when he was assigned to duty with the North Atlantic squadron. He was offered a long furlough, in consideration of his confinement, but declined it, and reported at once for duty.

THE SPANISH MERINO SHEEP.—At the late meeting of the Wool Growers' Association of Vermont, a resolution was passed to the effect that as great improvements have been made in breeding the Merino sheep since its introduction into the United States, that the name "Improved Spanish Merino" be adopted as the most appropriate to the thoroughbred Spanish sheep in New England, and that agricultural societies be requested to designate them as such.

NOTICE

Will give \$35 per Ton for HAULING Coal from East Weber to Camp Douglas.
mar10-17 G. W. CARLTON.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any

amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

And start as early as the 1st of March.
Apply at my office, one door south of
God's Drug Store.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 21, 1864. Jan10-17

CALL AT

WALKER BRO'S

—FOR—

French and English Merinos,
Alpaca Lustres,

—AND—

Mohairs,
Cobourgs,
Poplins,
Alcetas,
Grenadines,
Eccosais,

ALL WOOL REPS,

Fine Black Silks and Gingham,
of all qualities,

AMERICAN & FRENCH DELAINES,
Jaconett, Swiss, Book, Dotted and
Barred Muslins,

Victoria and Bishops Lawns.

The above line complete in every style.

Bleached and Unbleached Table
Damasks,

French Broadcloths and Cassi-
meres,

All Wool French Shawls,
a beautiful selection.

Flowers, Ruches, Bonnet, Taffeta
and Velvet Ribbons,

French Corsets, Cambric Handker-
chiefs, Hair Nets, Embroidered
and Linen Collars, Fancy
Dress Trimmings,

PERFUMERY and STATIONERY,

Shakespeare's and other Dramatic
Works, Fancy Albums, and a
great variety of Books suitable
for Christmas and New
Years' Presents.

Also, Wilson's Complete Series of
School Books.

A very heavy stock of Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS,

China, Queens and Tin-Ware,
CUTLERY,

Miners' and Carpenters' Tools,
of every description.

Groceries
of finest quality, and

CANDIES
in great variety.

WALKER BRO'S.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Begs leave to inform the public that they will
soon open their

NEW STORE,

OPPOSITE THE

Overland Stage Line Office,

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

Largest

And

Best

Assorted

STOCK

OF

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

We shall have

Everything that is to be Found,

IN A

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the stock we now occupy
Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Clothing and Furnishing

Goods.

Liberal Deduction Made

TO

COUNTRY DEALERS.

Flour, Grain and other Produce
taken, for which the regular prices
will be allowed.

Jan3-17 N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries,
Provisions,
Clothing,
Hardware,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Stationery,
School Books.

All kinds Preserves, Pie and Can Fruits.

Cents,
Pants,
Vests,
Hats,
Caps,
Boots,
Shoes,
Gloves,
Handk'fs.

And a Splendid Assortment of
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also: a Large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

Silks,
Laws,
Cambries,
Calicoes,
Checks,
Chambrays,
Flannels,
Shawls,
Ribbons,
Laces,
Hose.

And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Flesh Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Coarse and
Fine Combs,

And a Choice Selection of

Femades and Perfumeries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing
elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Remember the place, next door to the Salt
Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

Jan3-17 GILBERT & SONS.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

KEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska City
and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake
City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave
every morning at ten o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

**SALT LAKE, ATCHISON and NE-
BRASKA CITY,**

In charge of the most Competent and Trust-
worthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express mat-
ter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City
Montana, via East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake
City, via Boise City, West Bannock.

Time to Denver,..... 5 days.
Time to Atchison & Nebraska City 12 "

Jan17 J. O. ROBERTSON, Agent.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.,

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage,
East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchison, Kansas, and Placer-
ville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the
ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and
convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placer-
ville, Sacramento and San Francisco,
making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY,

AT NINE O'CLOCK, A. M.

H. S. RUNFIELD, Agent.
Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. Jan17